

Company Presentation
Winter 2025

Forward-Looking Statements

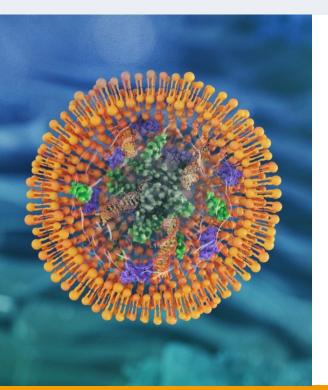


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Company Overview



Disruptive, Proprietary RNA Delivery Technology Platform

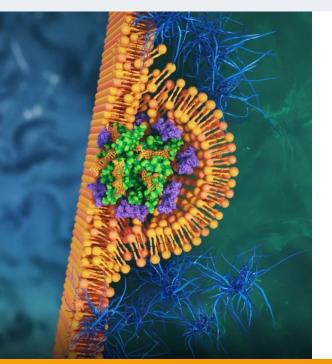


OligoPhore ™ (siRNA) SemaPhore ™ (mRNA) CycloPhore ™ (circRNA)	 Proprietary 21 amino acid peptide (nanoparticles) Efficient delivery of RNA into extrahepatic target cells
RNA Market Taking Off	Rapidly growing number of RNA therapeuticsActive M&A, licensing environment
Picks and Shovels' Platform Strategy	Partner delivery platforms with pharma & biotechInitiated first collaborations
Two Flagship Programs for Demonstration	 KRAS-driven cancers (AM-401) - IND expected in 2026 Rheumatoid arthritis (AM-411) - IND expected in 2026
Divesting / Partnering Legacy Assets	Unlock intrinsic value of inner ear & OTC assetsExtra, non-dilutive funding potential

How Our Technology Works



OligoPhore/ SemaPhore/ CycloPhore nanoparticles comprise a proprietary peptide + RNA payload designed to enable safe and effective delivery by systemic administration.



Stability	RNA complexed in nanoparticle format and only released inside of cells after uptake
Extrahepatic delivery	Not sequestered in liver as is common with conventional RNA-based therapies; permeates inflamed pathological tissues (passive targeting)
Endosomalescape	Efficient release within target cell, about 10-fold increase over LNPs, the current industry standard
Selectivity	Acts on targets in diseased tissues only
Safety	No immune response to nanoparticle components or RNA after multiple serial doses, and no organ toxicities in mice

RNA Delivery is One of the Key Challenges



Exemplary listing of companies active in RNA therapeutics and delivery (list not exhaustive)

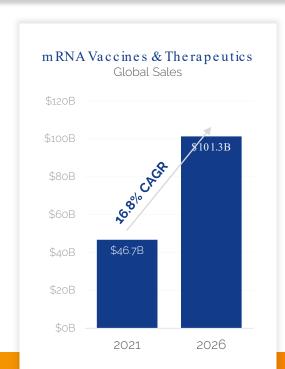
Silen	ce gene expr	ession	Promote protein expression			Deliver RNA therapeutic to target			
Short interfering RNA (siRNA)Antisense oligonucleotides (ASOs)			Messenger RNA (mRNA)			 Lipid nanoparticles Virus-based vectors Ligand conjugates Peptide-based nanoparticles 			
2Alnylam	6 arrowhead	AstraZeneca	ARCTURUS UREVAC	AstraZeneca Delley	BIONTECH MERCK	Sirna mics Advancing RNAI Therapeutics	altamira therapeutics	YArbutus BIOPHARMA	
novo nordisk	ProQR THERAPEUTICS	SAREPTA THERAPEUTICS	moderna	novo nordisk	Pfizer	entrada	Dicena ^M a Novo Nordisk company	PepGen	
SILENCE THERAPEUTICS	sylentis	STEKE	sanofi	Translate BIO	ultrageny				

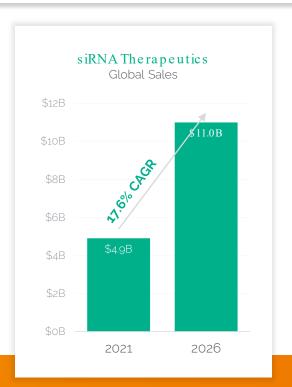
Disruptive Technology Growth Opportunities





- High specificity
- Cost effective
- Relatively simple to manufacture
- Can target previously undruggable pathways
- Disruptive technology





STRONG GROWTH—STARTING IN 2018

ONLY THE BEGINNING!

*<u>Research and Markets</u>; <u>Allied Market Research</u>

Corporate RNA Strategy



Strong strategy based on external collaborations and in-house programs

- Leverage versatility of technology
 - Demonstrated to work in multiple disease areas (tested in 17 models...)
 - Suitable for siRNA, mRNA, circRNA, ASOs,
- Particularly well-suited for indications in oncology and inflammatory disorders
- Selecting two therapeutic indications to showcase technology
 - KRAS driven cancers AM-401
 - Rheumatoid arthritis AM-411
 - Partner upon IND or Phase 1

OligoPhore ™ has been tested in vivo...

- Pancreatic and colorectal cancer (KRAS)
- Ovarian cancer (TAM: AXL)
- Lung cancer (ETV-2)
- Metastatic melanoma (NF-κB)
- Adult T cell leukemia/lymphoma (NFκB)
- Sarcoma (MYCT-1)
- Sarcoma and breast cancer (MYCT-1)

- Necrotizing enterocolitis (NF-κB)
- Rheumatoid and osteoarthritis (NF-κB)
- Atherosclerosis (JNK2)
- Metabolic syndrome/Obesity (ASXL2)
- Aortic aneurysm (NF-κB)

SemaPhore ™ has been tested in vivo...

- Osteoarthritis (WNT16)
- Atherosclerosis (p27^{Kip1})
- Aortic aneurysm (SOD2)

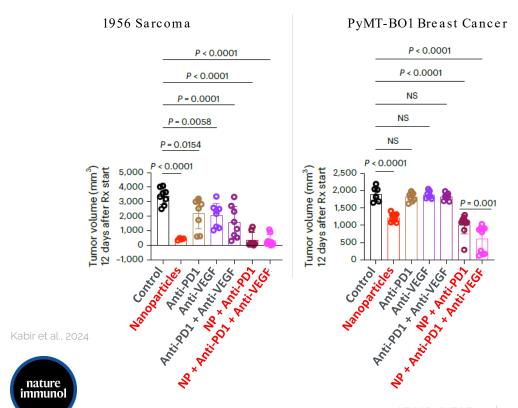
- Osteoarthritis (DNMT3B)
- Tumor microenvironment (ZBTB46)

Use Case: Enhancing the Potential of Anti-PD1 Therapy



De live ring Sema Phore ™ Zbtb46 mRNA in sarcoma and metastatic breast cancer models.

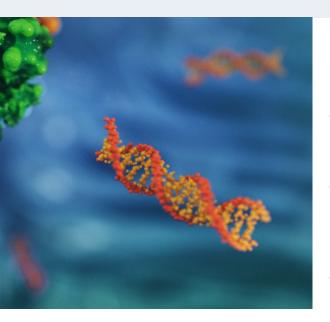
- Work by Choi Lab at WashU
- Cancers form defective blood vessels that feed the tumor
- Defective vasculature blocks access to tumor infiltrating T cells
 - Limits effectiveness of anti-PD1 therapy
- Zbtb46 mRNA nanoparticles normalized tumor vessels and enhanced antitumor immunity
 - Highly significant reduction in tumor growth (p<0.0001)
 - · Effects potentiated when combined with anti-PD1
- "Remarkably, Zbtb46 nanoparticles induced dramatic anti-PD1 response in both anti-PD1-responsive [...] and anti-PD1-refractory [...] tumor models, generating long-term complete remission of tumor in many of the treated animals."



Leveraging the Platforms



License technology to biotechs / pharmas for use with their own RNA molecules







- Active business development program
- First two collaborators signed up
- Evaluate OligoPhore™ + certain non-coding RNAs in the regeneration of damaged heart tissue following myocardial infarction
- Evaluate SemaPhore[™] + mRNA vaccine(s)
- Lower mRNA loss during cell entrance may allow for using lower doses and thus result in potentially more effective and efficient vaccines

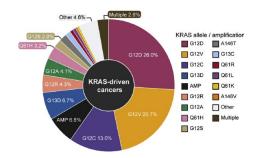
AM-401: Stop the "Beating Heart" of Tumors



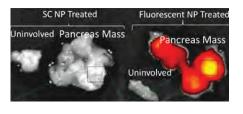
Knock down various KRAS mutations with *poly* KRAS^{mut} OligoPhore nanoparticles to inhibit cell proliferation in KRAS driven colorectal, pancreatic, or non-small cell lung cancer.

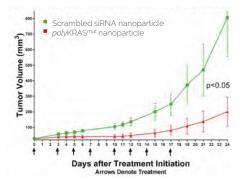
- Mutated KRAS may cause cancer to grow
- Found in 1/5 of all human cancers, particularly in:
 - Pancreatic cancer (85-90%)
 - Colorectal cancer (40%)
 - Non-small cell lung cancer (30-35%)
- 150,000 cases diagnosed in US p.a.
- ~1M deaths per year world-wide
- Considered "undruggable" for decades

Many mutations known, G12D, G12V, and G12C accounting for >50%



OligoPhore *poly* KRAS^{mut} siRNA transfects tumor cells, not healthy or uninvolved cells





OligoPhore *poly* KRAS^{mut} significantly reduces pancreatic tumor volume growth

KPC pancreatic tumor model in mice; Strand et al., 2019



AM-401

KRAS driven cancer IND targeted for 2026

- High unmet medical need most aggressive tumors
- Small molecule G12C inhibitors approved in NSCLC
 - Sotorasib (Lumakras, Amgen), Adagrasib (Krazati, Mirati)
- Multiple other small molecule inhibitors under development (G12C, G12D...), but few competing RNA projects (G12D or KRAS modulators)

AM-401 KEY DIFFERENTIATING FACTORS



polyKRAS^{mut} allows to target different mutations and is thus **polyvalent**

G12C, G12V, G12D, G12R, G12A, and A146T, covering 90.9% of KRAS mutations in pancreatic, 65.3% in colorectal, 80.0% in non-small cell lung cancer



Blocking production of KRAS by degrading mRNA to cause **less resistance** than inhibition of KRAS



Small molecule inhibitors have significant side effects, particularly when combined with other agents

OligoPhore targets specifically tumor cells

AM-411: Block Inflammation in Rheumatoid Arthritis

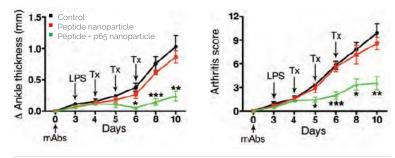


Knock down NF-κB (p65), a key checkpoint in RA inflammation.

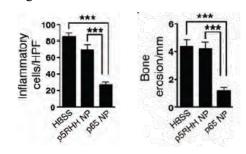
- Chronic autoimmune disease
- Causes joint swelling and pain
 - Reduced QoL and productivity
- Affects 1 out of 28 women / 59 men
- No cure available, but various treatment options:
 - Disease-modifying anti-rheumatic drugs (DMARDs)
 - Non-steroidal anti-inflammatory drugs (NSAIDs)
 - Corticosteroids
- Major shortcomings of therapies:
 - Drug resistance (up to 50% of patients)
 - Systemic adverse reactions (e.g., rash, hair loss, altered liver function, low blood cell counts, nausea, weight loss, increased infections, and neuropathy)



OligoPhore p65 stabilizes ankle swelling and reduces arthritis score



OligoPhore p65 reduces inflammation and protects against bone erosion



Collagen-antibody induced arthritis model in mice, Zhou et al., 2014.



AM-411

Rheumatoid arthritis IND targeted for 2026

- High unmet medical need
- Global rheumatoid arthritis market = \$57.9 Billion in 2019 → \$62.9 Billion in 2027
 - · Expiration of patents, biosimilars arriving
 - High hopes for novel Tx class of JAK inhibitors gave way to disappointment due to safety issues

AM-411 KEY DIFFERENTIATING FACTORS



Mediators of inflammation play many physiological roles in healthy tissues – AM-411 targets only inflamed tissues

Reduced systemic side effects



Blocking production of an NF- κ B component by degrading mRNA to cause less resistance than inhibition of NF- κ B

Less likelihood of resistance

Intellectual Property



(12) United States Patent Wickline et al.			(10) Patent No.: US 9,987,37 (45) Date of Patent: Jun. 5				,371 B: n. 5, 201	
(54)		SITIONS AND METHODS FOR CLEOTIDE TRANSFECTION	8,6	01,930 B2 17,516 B2 191746 A1*	12/2013	Rozema et al. Wickline et al. Van		
(71)	Applicant:	Washington University, St. Louis, MO (US)		275923 A1 123438 A1		Chen et al. Wickline et al.	435/45	
(72)	Inventors:	Samuel A. Wickline, St. Louis, MO (US); Kirk Hou, St. Louis, MO (US)	FOREIGN PATENT DOCUMENTS					
(73)	Assignee:	WASHINGTON UNIVERSITY, Saint Louis, MO (US)	WO WO WO	2007069 2011029 201410	5458 A2 9090 A2 0188 A1 7596 A1	9/2005 6/2007 2/2011 7/2014		
(*)	Notice:	Subject to any disclaimer, the term of this patent is extended or adjusted under 35 U.S.C. 154(b) by 0 days, days.	WO		4512 A1 HER PU	1/2017 BLICATIONS		
(21)	Appl. No.: 14/790,408			Wu et al., 2012, Recent progress in copolymer-mediated siRN delivery, Journal of Drug Targeting, 20(7): 551-560.*				
(22)	Filed: Jul. 2, 2015			Noguchi et al., 2006, Protein Transduction Technology: A Nov Therapeutic Perspective, 60(1): 1-11.9				
(65)	Prior Publication Data US 2015/0314013 A1 Nov. 5, 2015		Examination Report for related CA application 2,896,834 dat Aug. 23, 2016, 5 pages. Partial Supplementary European Search Report dated Aug. 9, 20					

Related U.S. Application Data (63) Continuation-in-part of application PCT/US2014/010212, filed on Jan. 3, 2014.

(60) Provisional application No. 61/748,615, filed on Jan 3, 2013, provisional application No. 61/869,634, filed on Aug. 23, 2013, provisional application No.

61/873,187, filed on Sep. 3, 2013. (51) Int. Cl. C07K 19/00 (2006.01)

A61K 47/48 (2006.01) A61K 31/713 (2006.01) 461K 47/42 (2017.01) C12N 15/11 (2006.01) C12N 15/113 (2010.01) C12N 15/87 (2006.01) A61K 47/64 (2017.01) A61K 38/00 (2006.01)

(52) U.S. CL CPC A61K 47/48323 (2013.01); A61K 31/713 (2013.01); A6IK 47/42 (2013.01); A6IK 47/6455 (2017.08): C07K 19/00 (2013.01): CI2N 15/111 (2013 01): CI2N 15/113 (2013.01): C12N 15/87 (2013.01): A61K 38/00

(2013.01); C12N 2310/14 (2013.01); C12N 2310/3513 (2013.01); C12N 2320/32 (2013.01): Y10T 428/2982 (2015.01) (58) Field of Classification Search

CPC ... C07K 14/00; A61K 47/48315; A61K 38/16 See application file for complete search history.

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7.098,032 B2 8/2006 Trubetskoy et al. COST 50:00

7,795,380 B2 9/2010 Rice et al.

from related EP Application No. 14735277.7, 10 pages. International Search Report and Written Opinion dated Oct. 4, 2016 from International Patent Application No. PCT/US2016/040678; 10

Salomone F. et al., "In Vitro Efficient Transfection by CM18-Tat11 Hybrid Pentide: A New Tool for Gene-Delivery Applications, PLoS ONE, Jul. 29, 2013, pp. 1-11, vol. 8, No. 7, e70108. Hou, et al., "A novel mellitin-derived peptide nanoparticle deliver system for STAT3 siRNA mediated killing of B16 melanoma cells,

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Hou, et al., "Peptide-siRNA nanocomplexes targeting NF-kb subunit p65 suppress nascent experimental arthritis," The Journal of Clinical Investigation, pp. 4363-4374, vol. 124, No. 10. Lochmann, et al., "Albumin-protamine-oligonucleotid

nanoparticles as a new antisense delivery system. Part 1: Physiochemical characterization," European Journal of Pharmaceutics and Biopharmaceutics, 2005, pp. 419-429, vol. 59. Hou et al., "A role for pentides in overcoming endosomal entrapment in siRNA delivery-a focus on mellitin," Biotechnology Advances, 2015, pp. 931-940, vol. 33.

Office Action dated Jul. 19, 2017 from related Australian Patent Application No. 2014204012; 5 pgs. (Continued)

Primary Examiner - Amber D Steele (74) Attorney, Agent, or Firm - Polsinelli PC

ARSTRACT

A pharmaceutical composition comprising a peptide-polynucleotide complex, and methods of use thereof.

> 15 Claims, 91 Drawing Sheets (38 of 91 Drawing Sheet(s) Filed in Color)

WORLDWIDE EXCLUSIVE LICENSE FROM WASHINGTON UNIVERSITY Patent covering OligoPhore [™] / SemaPhore [™] platform







Coverage until 2034 (+ potential extension)



Generating further IP (e.g. *poly*KRAS^{mut} and p65 – potential coverage until 2043/4)



Proprietary manufacturing process

Management Overview





Thomas Meyer, Ph.D. CEO & CHAIRMAN

- · Company founder
- Funded and grew Company since 2003
- 14 years with Disetronic Group including CEO and BoD member (>20% sales CAGR, \$3B market cap)



Covadonga
Pañeda, Ph.D.
CHIEF OPERATING
OFFICER

- Joined as CDO in 2022
- 18 years experience in FDA/EMA drug development
- Non-clinical and clinical study design and regulatory submissions
- 7 years in RNAi for ophthalmology



Marcel
Gremaud, CPA
CHIEF FINANCIAL
OFFICER

- Working for Company since 2013
- ~30 years experience in controlling and accounting
- International pharma companies and start-ups



Samuel
Wickline, MD
CHIEF SCIENTIFIC
ADVISER

- Joined in 2021 through acquisition of Trasir Tx
- Prof. of Cardiovascular Sciences, Molecular Physiology and Pharmacology at USF
- Former Prof. of Med., Physics, Biomedical Engr, Cell Biology and Physiology at Wash U

Legacy Programs: Partial Spin-Off of OTC Nasal Spray Business



Bentrio® in Allergic Rhinitis

Protection Against Airborne Particles

- Drug-free, preservative-free formulation, applied as nasal spray
- Four clinical trials demonstrating safety and efficacy in allergic rhinitis
 - Efficacy: close to medicated sprays
 - Tolerability: close to saline sprays
- Commercialized through distributors
- Significant growth expected
 - Launch in additional countries / regions
- Advanced discussions on North America, Europe and other key markets



First Step in Transition Process

- Sale of 51% of Altamira Medica AG in late 2023
 - Cash consideration about \$2.3 million
 - Buyer is Swiss private equity investor
 - CYTO retaining 49% of capital
- CYTO also entitled to 25% of:
 - Future license income
 - Medica's value appreciation in case of a sale
- CYTO's overall share of upside: 62%
- Remaining stake to be divested

Legacy Programs: Inner Ear Assets to be Divested / Partnered







AM-125 in Acute Vestibular Syndrome

- Rx product, applied as nasal spray
- Reformulation of oral betahistine
 - Global market \$450M (ex US) standard of care for vertigo
 - Poor bioavailability
- Invested \$18 million to date
- Proof of concept in Phase 2, ready for Phase 3 trial
- No comparable product in US
- Structured partnering process initiated



Potential Other Indications

- Histamine plays important role in many behavioral and physiological functions:
 - Appetite, drinking, sleep, wakefulness, learning, attention and memory
- Clinical utility of betahistine shown, among others, in:
 - ADHD, cognitive function in dementia, memory loss, antipsychotic-induced weight gain
- Histamine as target, e.g.:
 - Narcolepsy, Tourette syndrome, Prader-Willi syndrome

Investor Summary





RNA technology coming of age

- Disruptive potential in human medicine
- Rapidly growing # of RNA therapeutics



Extensive proof of concept

- Successfully tested *in vivo* in 17 different disease models
- 30+ papers published



Altamira has unique, versatile RNA delivery technology platform

- Patented, under license from Wash U
- Suitable for different types of RNA molecules
- OligoPhore[™], SemaPhore[™], CycloPhore[™]



Flagship programs in oncology and rheumatoid arthritis

- First IND expected to be filed in 2026
- Technology platform out-licensing as business model



Addressing major challenges in RNA delivery

- IV administration, reaching extrahepatic targets
- Strong endosomal release (10x compared to lipid nanoparticles)



Divestiture/ partnering of Legacy Assets

- Process started
- Unlock intrinsic value / non-dilutive funding

